

- Q1. Who wrote 'A History of British India'?
- Q2. The British thought surveys were important for _____
- Q3. Who was the last Viceroy of India?
- Q4. What is History?
- Q5. What was James Mill's opinion about the Asian societies?
- Q6. Who prepared the first map and when?
- Q7. Who was given the title of 'Duke of Connaught'?
- Q8. What are the forces of modernity?
- Q9. The symbol of British power is _____
- Q10. Who are Calligraphists?
- Q11. What is colonization?
- Q12. What evil practices, according to James Mill, dominated the Indian social life before the British came to India?
- Q13. Assertion and Reason:
- (a) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
 - (b) Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A.
 - (c) A is correct but R is wrong.
 - (d) R is correct but A is wrong.
- (i) Assertion (A): These histories began with the rule of the first Governor-General, Warren Hastings and ended with the last Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten.
Reason(R): All the dates in these history books were linked to these personalities – to their activities, policies, achievements.
- (ii) Assertion: In the villages, revenue surveys were conducted.
Reason: Census operations were held every ten years.
- (iii) Leaders and reformers wrote to spread their ideas, poets and novelists wrote to express their feelings.
Reason(R): In the villages, revenue surveys were conducted. The effort was to know the topography, the soil quality, the flora, the fauna, the local histories, and the cropping pattern – all the facts seen as necessary to know about to administer the region.